

Time To Rescue: Challenges and opportunities

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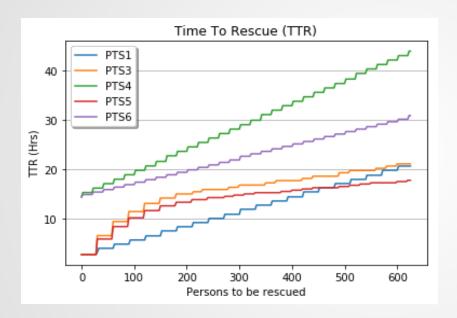


Paths to Survival

Path to	Evacuation	Means	Platform	Evacuated	Means
Survival	From	Loading		То	unloading
PTS1	Vessel of	Hoist	Helicopter	Shore/nearby	Walk
	distress/			vessel of	
	survival craft			opportunity	
PTS2	Survival craft	Hoist	Helicopter	Helicopter	Walk
				base	
PTS3	Survival craft	Hoist &	Helicopter &	SAR-vessel	Walk
		crawl	FRC		
PTS4	Survival craft	Crawl	FRC	SAR-vessel	Walk
PTS5	Shore	Walk	Helicopter &	SAR-vessel	Walk
			FRC		
PTS6	Vessel of	Walk	FRC	SAR-vessel	Walk
	distress/				
	shore				



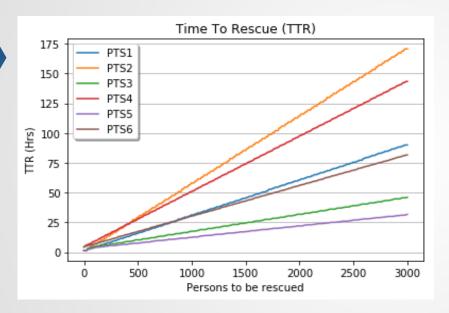
Scenario 1 - small passenger vessel operating a in a remote region (200 nm from infrastructure)



Path to Survival	Evacuation From	Means Loading	Platform	Evacuated To	Means unloading
PTS1	Vessel of distress/ survival craft	Hoist	Helicopter	Shore/nearby vessel of opportunity	Walk
PTS2	Survival craft	Hoist	Helicopter	Helicopter base	Walk
PTS3	Survival craft	Hoist & crawl	Helicopter & FRC	SAR-vessel	Walk
PTS4	Survival craft	Crawl	FRC	SAR-vessel	Walk
PTS5	Shore	Walk	Helicopter & FRC	SAR-vessel	Walk
PTS6	Vessel of distress/ shore	Walk	FRC	SAR-vessel	Walk



Scenario 2 - a larger passenger vessel operating in vicinity of infrastructure and a SAR-vessel (50 nm)



Path to Survival	Evacuation From	Means Loading	Platform	Evacuated To	Means unloading
PTS1	Vessel of distress/ survival craft	Hoist	Helicopter	Shore/nearby vessel of opportunity	Walk
PTS2	Survival craft	Hoist	Helicopter	Helicopter base	Walk
PTS3	Survival craft	Hoist & crawl	Helicopter & FRC	SAR-vessel	Walk
PTS4	Survival craft	Crawl	FRC	SAR-vessel	Walk
PTS5	Shore	Walk	Helicopter & FRC	SAR-vessel	Walk
PTS6	Vessel of distress/ shore	Walk	FRC	SAR-vessel	Walk





- TTR is highly proportional with POB
- Prefered PTS for an incident in remote areas:
 - Less than abt 40 survivors PTS2, utilizing helicopters, freighting the survivors directly back to the helicopter base.
 - More than abt 40 survivors PTS5, establishing a temporary place of safety on shore/vessel of opportunity, utilizing helicopters in conjunction with SAR-vessels with helicopter support facilities.
- Increasing number of evacuation plattforms reduces the TTR
- Access to helicopter support facilities is essential for prolonged operations involving helicopters.





- Strain on SAR/helicopter personnel is to be addressed for prolonged operations.
 - The survivors should seek sheltered water/evacuate to onshore. This will increase the probability of efficient evacuation operations.
- A companion vessel (twin vessel operation) can function as a temporary place of safety.
- The government SAR portofolio should include establishment of mobile temporary places of safety.

Operation	Minimum number of persons conducting operational tasks	Minimum number of persons allocated to the operation or a continuous basis (3 shifts)	
FRC operation			
FRC crew	3	9	
Crane operators	2	6	
Reception facilities (only registration)	2	6	
Total FRC operation	7	21	
Helicopter operation			
Pilots	2	6	
Winch operator	1	3	
Mechanic	1	3	
Vessel HKO + 2 NAVKIS	3	9	
FDO (Flight Deck Officer)	1	3	
FDA (Flight Deck Assistant)	1	3	
FDM (Flight Deck Crew)	4	12	
Mechanic preparing heli-fuel	1	3	
Reception facilities (only registration, no medical treatment)	2	6	
Total Helicopter operation	16	48	
Total all transportation operations	23	69	





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