

#### What scale(s) to study an ecosystem? A case study in the Barents Sea

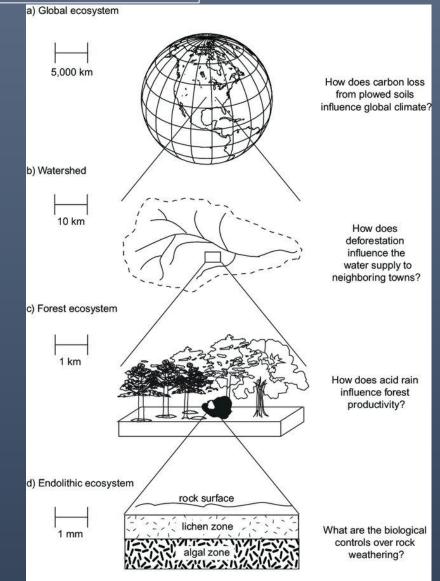
Husson Bérengère, Lind Sigrid, Fossheim Maria, Primicerio Raul, Ingvaldsen Randi, Dolgov Andrei, Mette Skern-Mauritzen

## Scales in an ecosystem

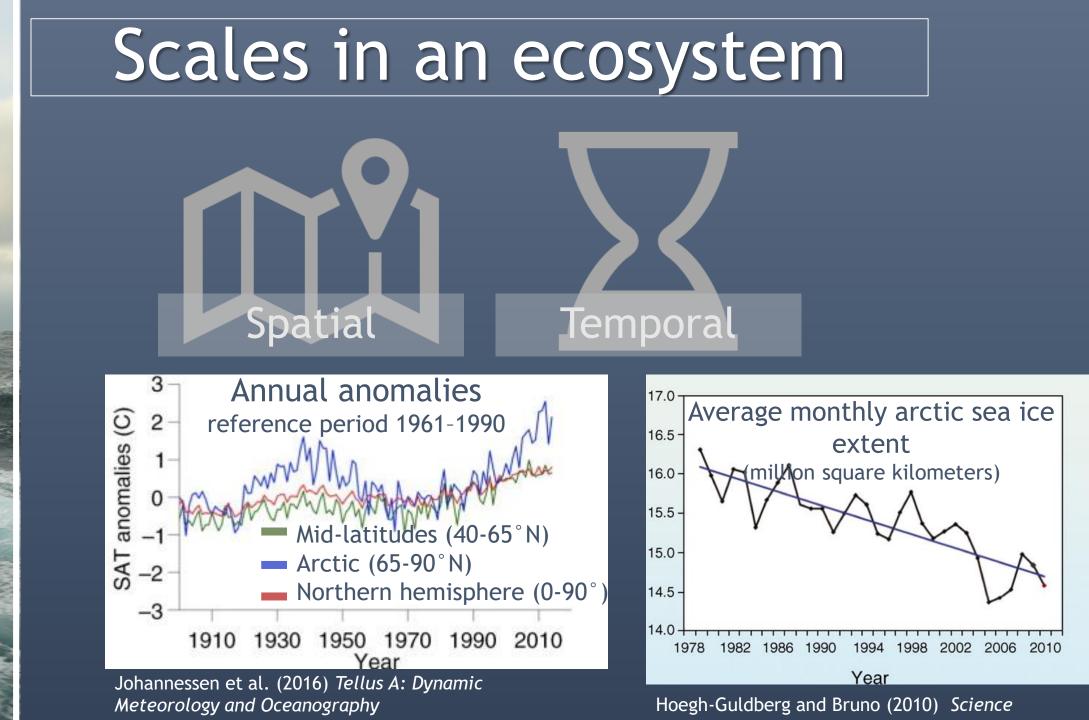


"How big is an ecosystem?"

"The appropriate scale of study depends on the question being asked..."



Chapin et al., (2011). Principles of terrestrial ecosystem ecology. Springer Science & Business Media.



# Scales in an ecosystem

#### Arctic warming favours extremes The twenty-first century y PHILOSOPHICAL Extreme weather and climate events with Amplified warming in the TRANSACTIONS B understanding the origin ecological relevance: a review Vladimir A. Semenov RENDUS rstb.royalsocietypublishing.org Caroline C. Ummenhofer<sup>1</sup> and Gerald A. Meehl<sup>2</sup> GICAL SOCIETY OF AMERICA SCIENCE Frontiers in Ecology http://france.elsevier.com/direct/CRAS2A/ External Geophysics, Climate and Environment and the Environment Research frontiers in climate change: Review fects of extreme meteorological events on ecosystems A new generation of climate-change experiments: events, not Anke Jentsch<sup>a,\*,b</sup>, Carl Beierkuhnlein<sup>c</sup> trends PERSPECTIVE nature Anke Jentsch 🗙, Jürgen Kreyling, Carl Beierkuhnlein climate change https://doi.org/10.1038/s41558-018-0187-**Journal of Animal Ecology Corrected: Author Correction** Biological responses to the press and pulse of Journal of Animal Ecology 2016, 85, 85-96 climate trends and extreme events FORUM Tackling extremes: challenges for ecologi R. M. B. Harris<sup>1,2\*</sup>, L. J. Beaumont<sup>3</sup>, T. R. Vance<sup>1</sup>, C. R. Tozer<sup>1,4</sup>, T. A. Remenyi<sup>1</sup>, S. E. Perkins-Kirkpatrick<sup>5,6</sup>, P. J. Mitchell<sup>7</sup>, A. B. Nicotra<sup>8</sup>, S. McGregor<sup>10,6,9</sup>, N. R. Andrew<sup>10,0</sup> evolutionary research on extreme climatic M. Letnic<sup>11</sup>, M. R. Kearney<sup>12</sup>, T. Wernberg<sup>13</sup>, L. B. Hutley<sup>14</sup>, L. E. Chambers<sup>21</sup>, M.-S. Fletcher<sup>15</sup>, M. R. Keatley<sup>16</sup>, C. A. Woodward<sup>17,18</sup>, G. Williamson<sup>19</sup>, N. C. Duke<sup>20</sup> and D. M. J. S. Bowman<sup>19</sup> Liam D. Bailey<sup>1</sup>\* and Martijn van de Pol<sup>1,2</sup>

# Scales in an ecosystem



Proc. R. Soc. B (2009) 276, 4197–4205 doi:10.1098/rspb.2009.0921 Published online 9 September 2009

#### Taxonomic scale-dependence of habitat niche partitioning and biotic neighbourhood on survival of tropical tree seedlings

Simon A. Qu Coral Reefs

Nancy September 1992, Volume 11, Issue 3, pp 147–154 Cite as

Persistence of community structure: what happens when you change taxonomic scale?

#### ECOLOGY ECOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF AMERICA

Special Issue

Authors

Authors Volume 34, Issue 3, March 2019, Pages 260-273

**CelPress** 

Peter F. Sale, Jeffrey A. Guy

Review

PHYLOGENETIC STRUCTURE OF FLORIDIAN PLAN Niche Estimation Above and Below the Species DEPENDS ON TAXONOMIC AND SPATIAL SCALE Level

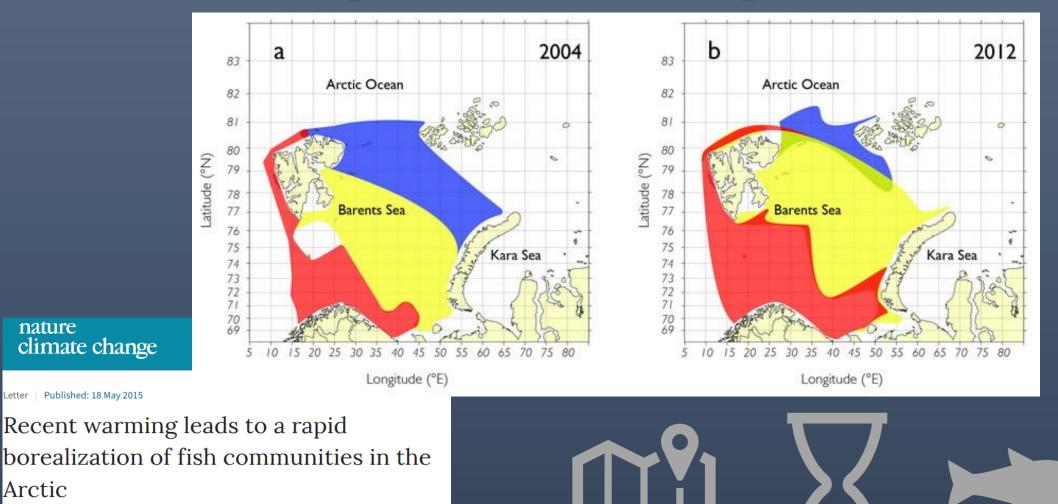
Jeannine Cavender-Bares, Adrienne Keen, Brianna Miles

Adam B. Smith <sup>1</sup> A 🖾, William Godsoe <sup>2</sup>, Francisco Rodríguez-Sánchez <sup>3</sup>, Hsiao-Hsuan Wang <sup>4</sup>, Dan Warren <sup>5, 6</sup>

**Trends in Ecology & Evolution** 

First published: 01 July 2006 | https://doi.org/10.1890/0012-9658(2006)87[109:PSOFPC]2.0.CO;2

#### In the Barents sea: A large scale change

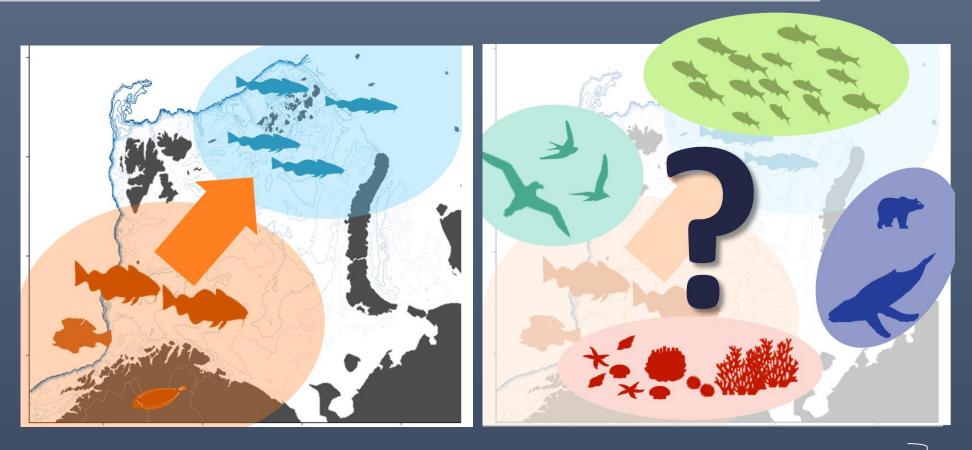


Maria Fossheim 🖾, Raul Primicerio, Edda Johannesen, Randi B. Ingvaldsen, Michaela M. Aschan & Andrey V. Dolgov

nature

Arctic

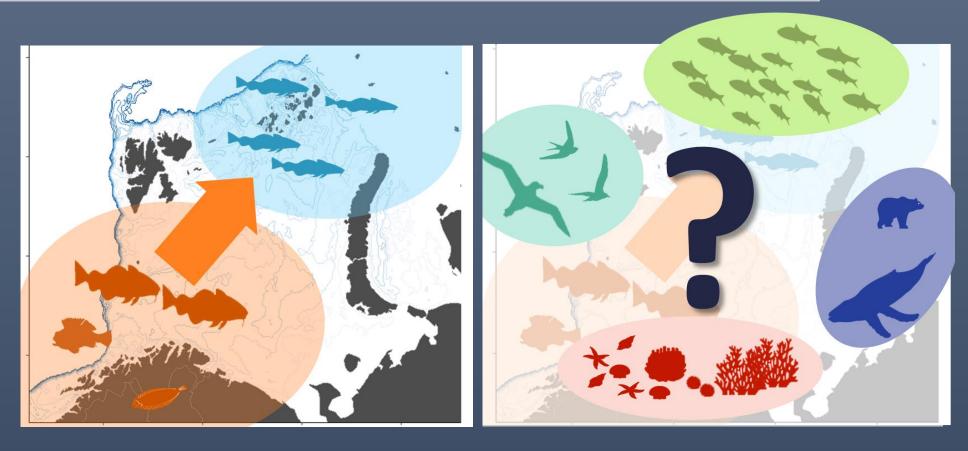
### Scales in BSECO



- WP1: shift in abundances and distribution of communities of the ecosystem
- WP2: shift in functional traits distribution and occurrences
- WP3: impacts on the food web structure
- WP4: impacts on the functioning and vulnerability of the ecosystem

EA

### Scales in BSECO



• WP1: shift in abundances and distribution of communities of the ecosystem

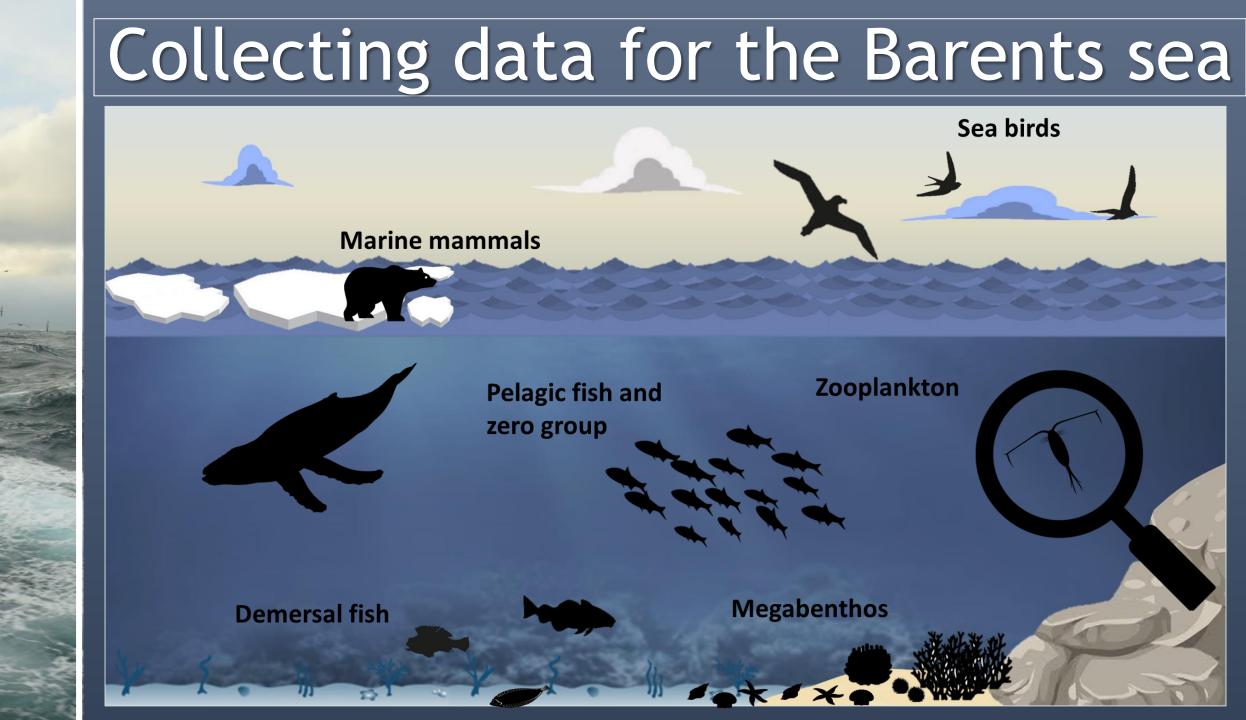
[empora]

Taxonomic

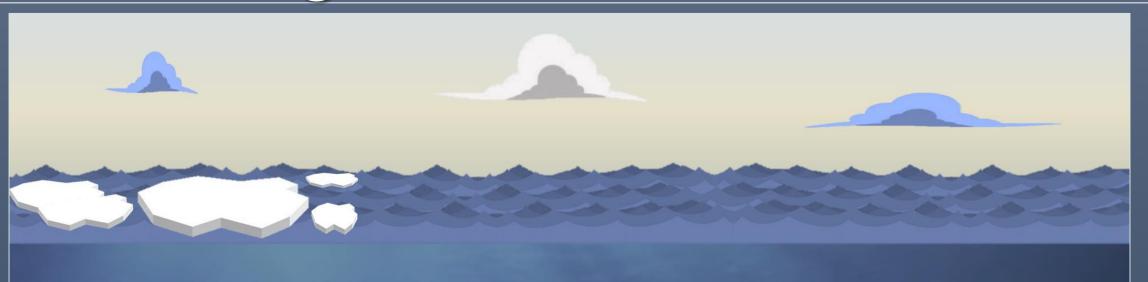
• WP2: shift in functional traits distribution and

Spatial

- WP3: impacts
- WP4: impacts in a

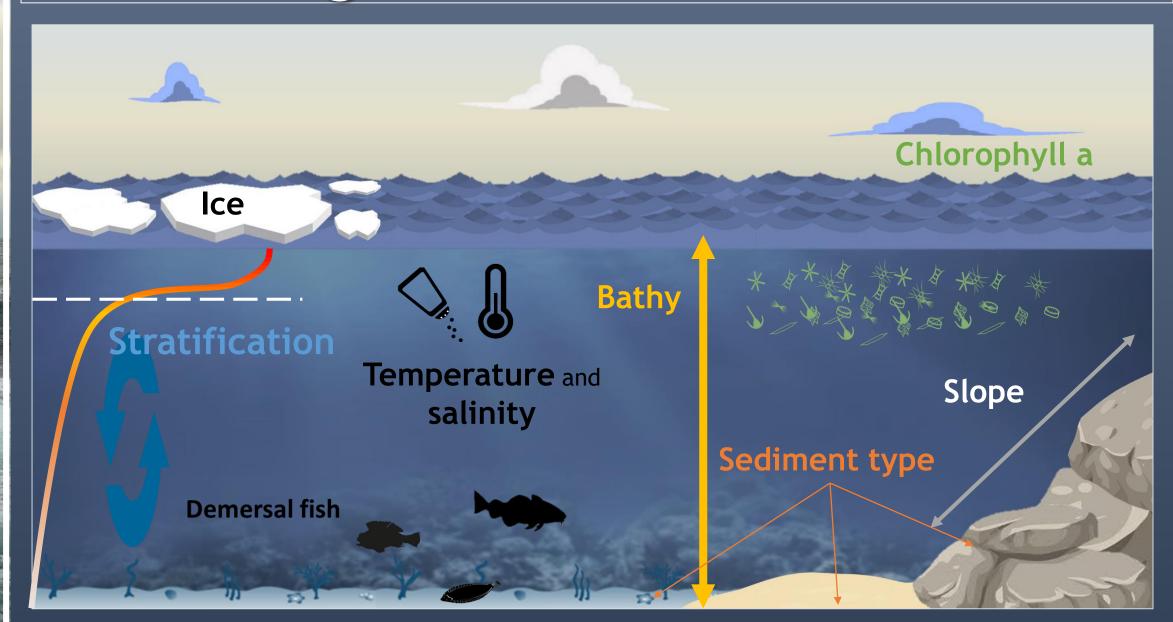


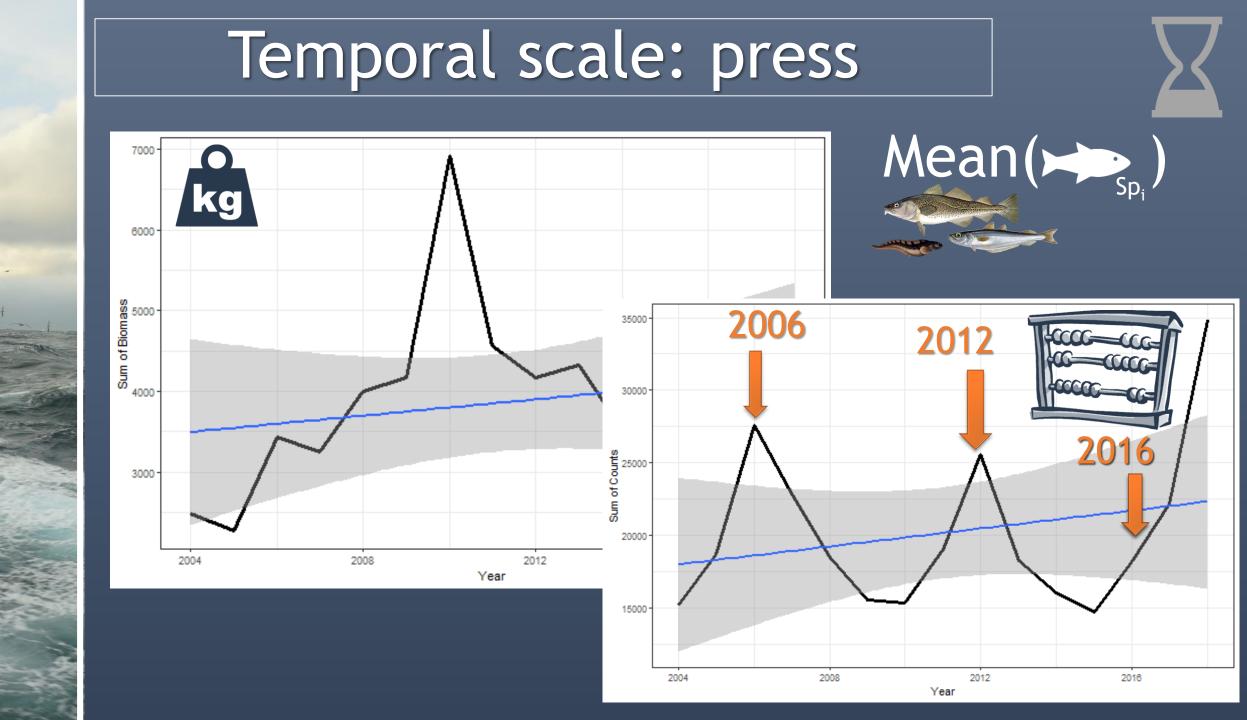
# Collecting data for the Barents sea

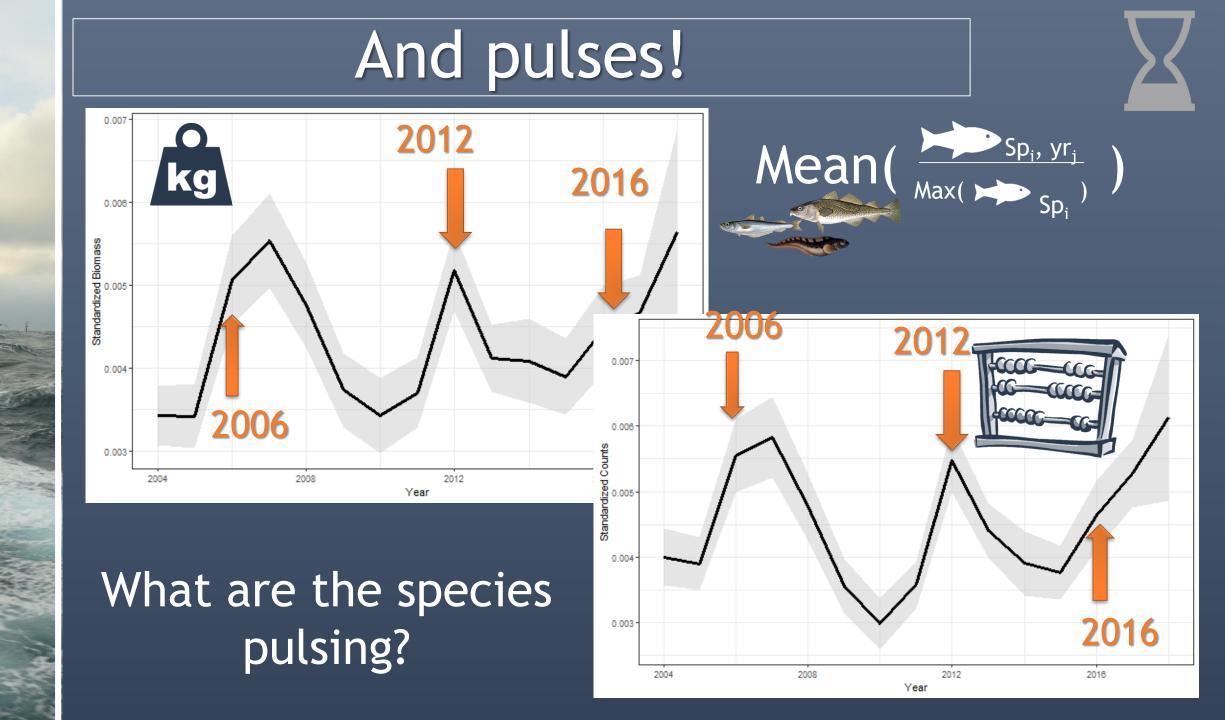


**Demersal fish** 

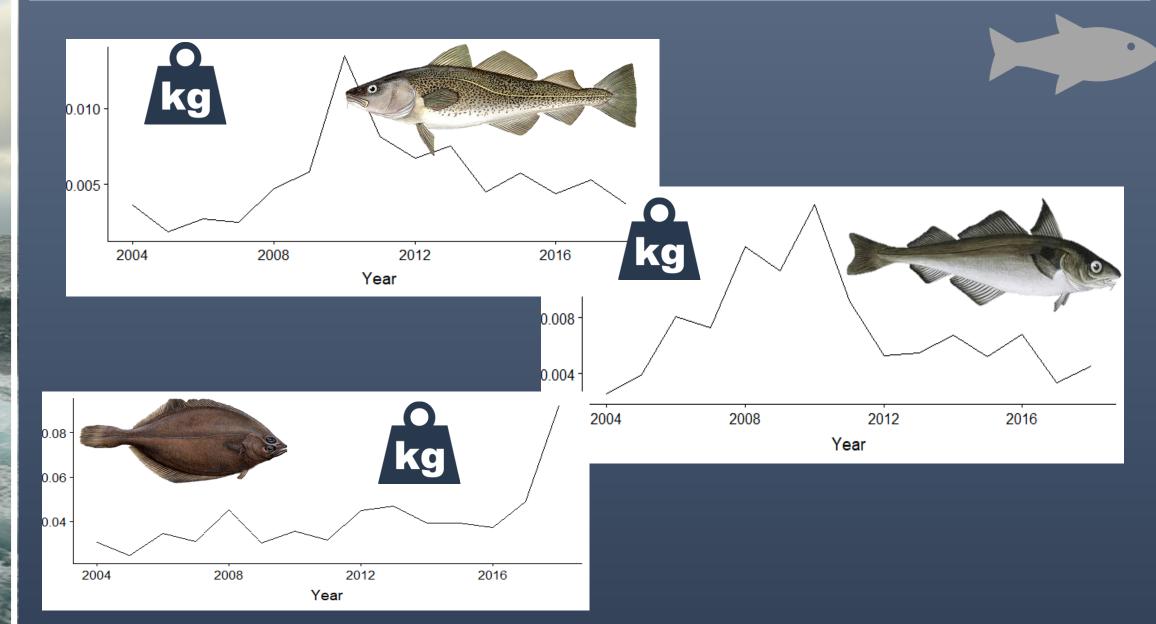
# Collecting data for the Barents sea



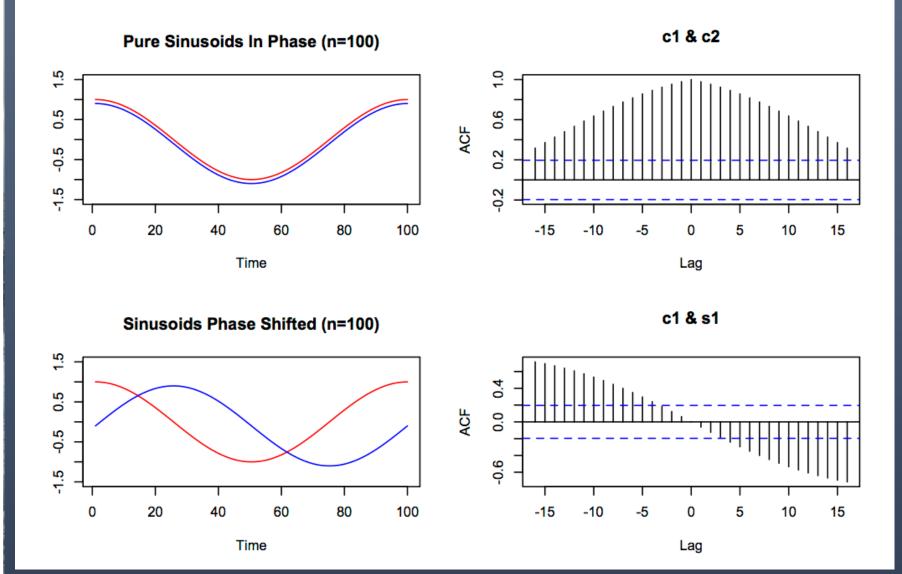




#### Looking at the species level is hard...

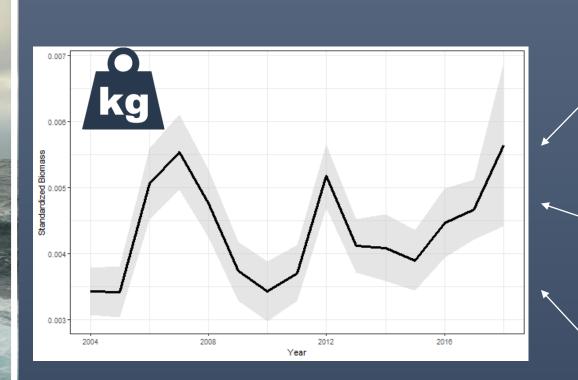


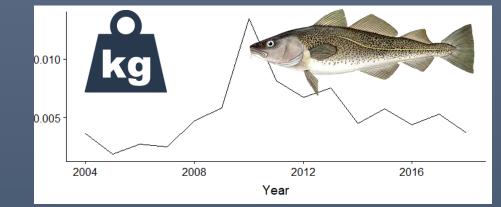
#### Detect synchronicity with CC

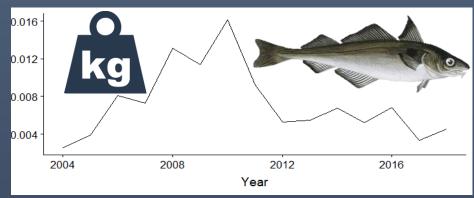


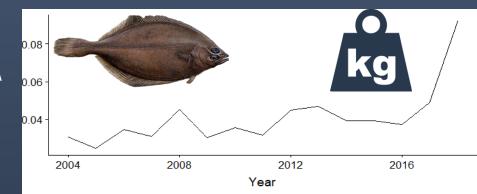
https://perfdynamics.blogs pot.com/2014/04/melbour nes-weather-and-cross.html

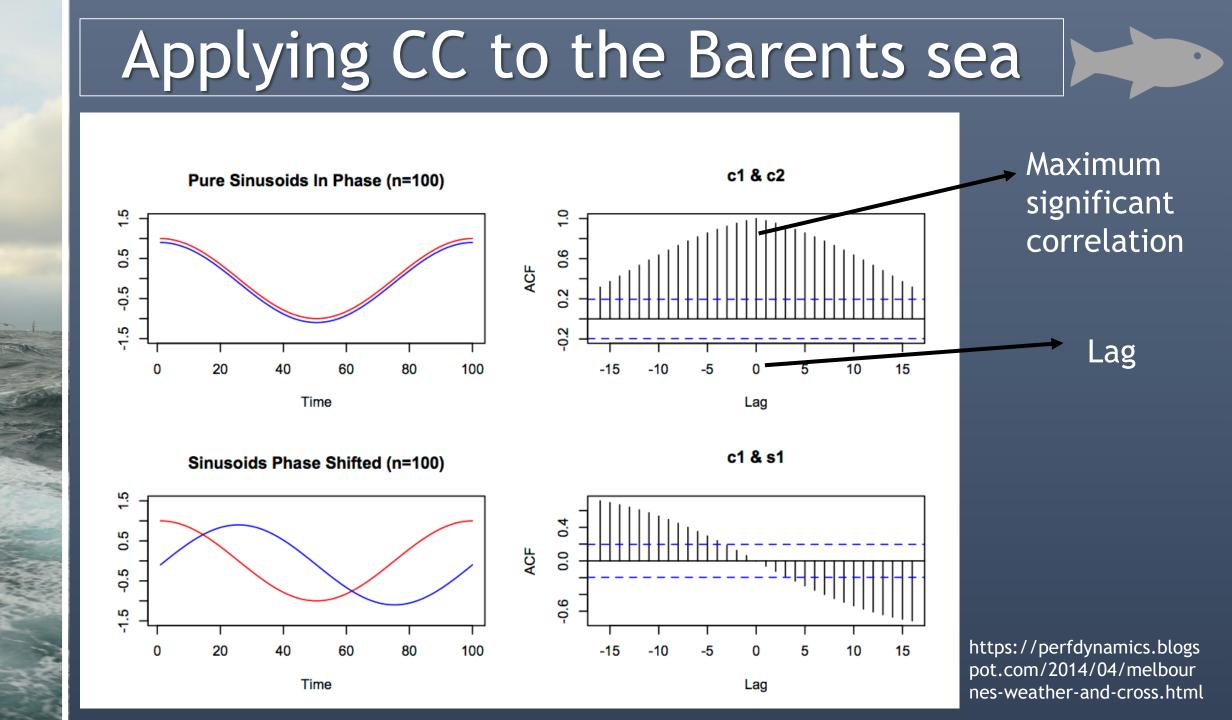
#### Applying CC to the Barents sea



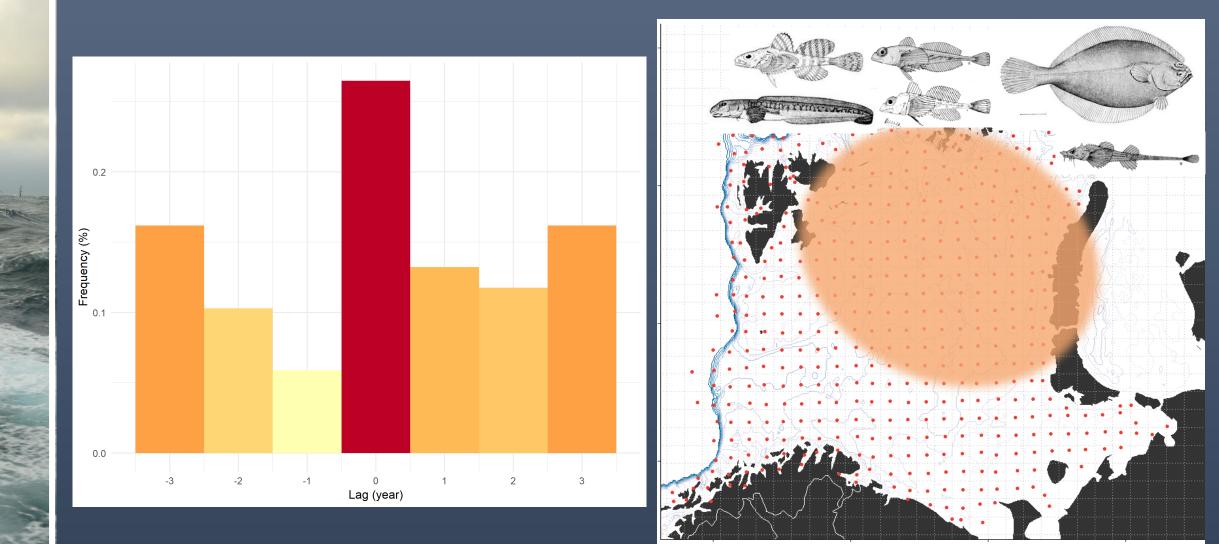




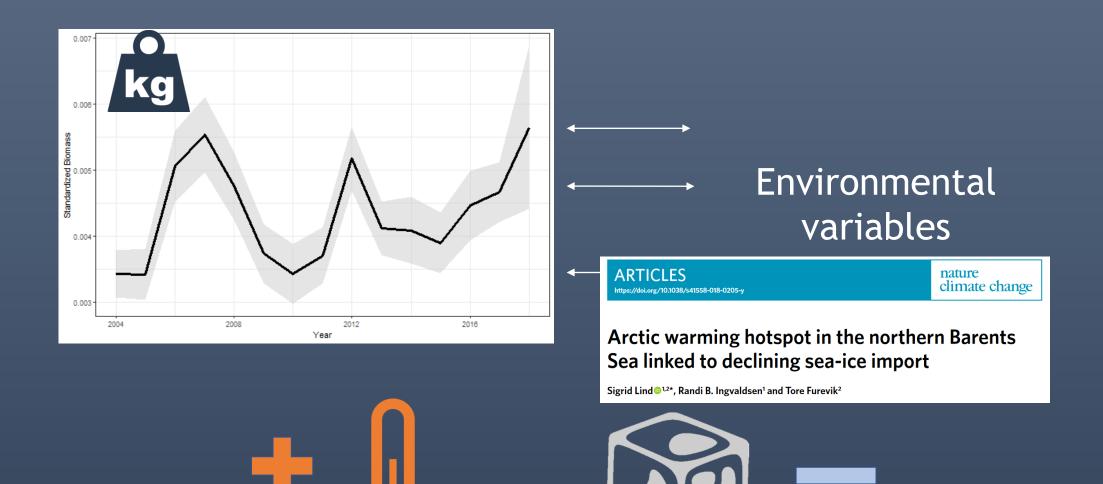




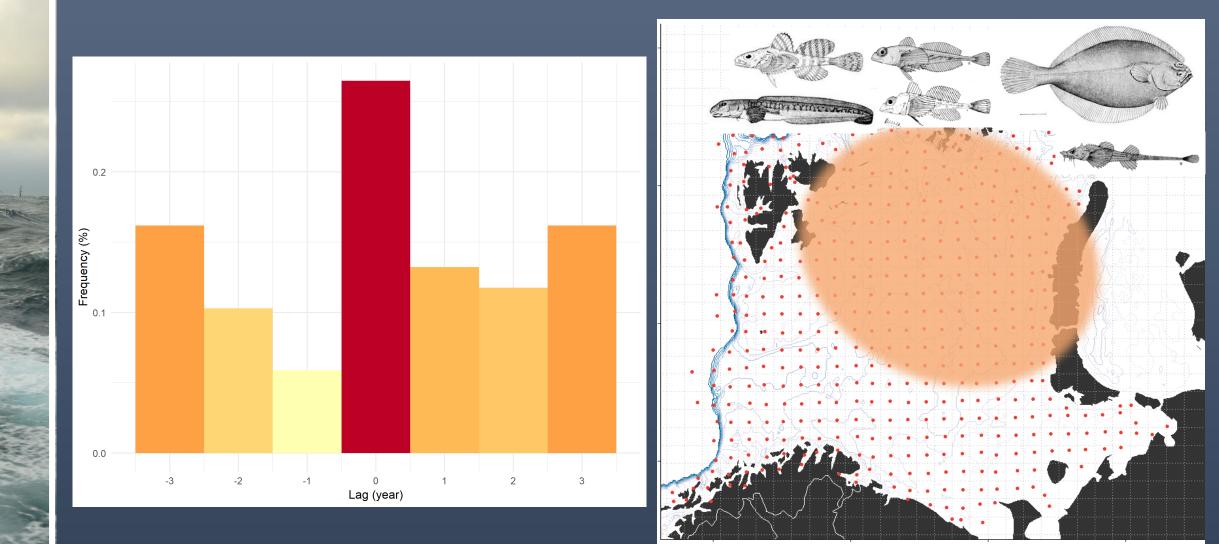
### What are the species pulsing?



### Why are they pulsing?



### What are the species pulsing?



#### The spatial pattern is not uniform...



# What scales to study an ecosystem?



- Short term response of the community at large scale
- Community response change with spatial scale

 $\rightarrow$  One scale = one part of the story

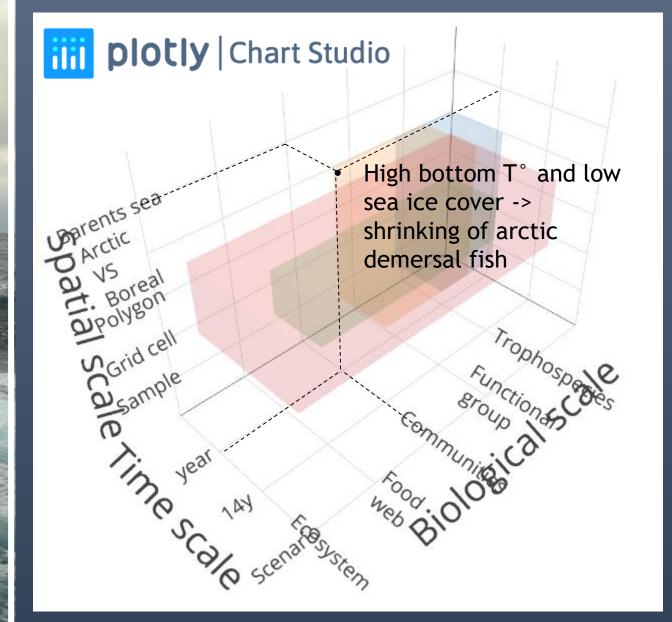
Press and pulse trigger different type of response from the taxa

→ Different scales to be studied according to the question asked

- The species scale is noisy... but useful!
- The community scale indicates broad patterns
- Most of the ecosystem seems to follow the same patterns

→ Compromise between noise and uncertainty

# Making sense of different scales



- Identify the different scales
- Identify the « jurisdiction » of each package
- Plot processes and hypotheses at the scale they occur
- Identify gaps



#### What about the rest of the ecosystem?

